## Discrete and Computational Geometry, SS 14 Exercise Sheet "9": Spanners and WSPDs University of Bonn, Department of Computer Science I

- Written solutions have to be prepared until Tuesday July 1st, 14:00 pm. There will be a letterbox in the LBH building, close to Room E01.
- You may work in groups of at most two participants.
- Please contact Hilko Delonge, hilko.delonge@uni-bonn.de, if you want to participate and have not yet signed up for one of the exercise groups.
- If you are not yet subscribed to the mailing list, please do so at https://lists.iai.uni-bonn.de/mailman/listinfo.cgi/lc-dcgeom


## Exercise 28: $\quad$ Spanners and Closest Pairs

(4 Points)
Let $S$ denote a finite point set in $\mathbb{R}^{d}$. Let $1<t \leq 2$ and let $G=(S, E)$ be a $t$-spanner with verex set $S$ and edge set $E$.
a) Show that for at least one closest pair $v, w$ in $S$ the edge $\{v, w\}$ belongs to $E$. Furthermore, if $t<2$, this is even true for all closest pairs.
b) Let $p$ be a nearest neighbor of $q$ in $S$. Does this imply that $\{p, q\}$ belongs to $E$ ?

## Exercise 29: WSPD and Centers

(4 Points)
Prove or disprove the following statement: Two point sets $A, B$ with bounding box $R(A)$ and $R(B)$ are well-separated with parameter $s$, if and only if there are two circles $C_{A}$ und $C_{B}$ of some radius $r$, where $R(A) \subset C_{A}$, $R(B) \subset C_{B}$ and the distance between $C_{A}$ and $C_{B}$ is $\geq r \cdot s$, and the center of $C_{A}$ and of $C_{B}$ coincides with the center of the bounding box of $A$ and of $B$, respectively.

## Exercise 30: WSPD 2-dimensional Example <br> (4 Points)

Consider the point set $S \subset \mathbb{R}^{2}$ depicted twice below. Use the algorithm presented in the lecture to construct a WSPD of $S$, given the separation ratio $s=1$.

Start with computing the split-tree, and draw the resulting bounding boxes. Use these bounding boxes to construct the WSPD. You may assume that the procedure FindPairs $(v, w)$ only verifies if the two point sets $S_{v}$ and $S_{w}$ are well separated with respect to circles, whose center points are located at the center of the corresponding bounding box.
1)

$\stackrel{\bullet}{p_{6}}$

